

MATHEMATICS

WORKBOOK

6B

Answer Key

Name

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2 ① Prisms and Cylinders

1

- ① Base
- ② Height
- ③ Lateral Surface

④ Base

2

⑤ parallel

⑥ 9, 3

⑦ 7, 15

3

- ⑧ triangular prism
- ⑨ cylinder
- ⑩ hexiagonal prism

3 ① Prisms and Cylinders

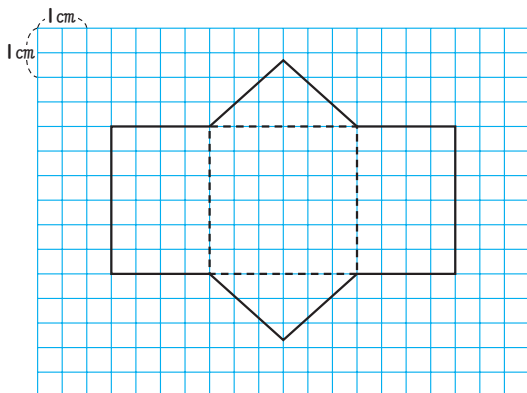
1

- ① 5cm
- ② circumference of the base
- ③ $4 \times 3.14 = 12.56$ 12.56cm

2

④ 3cm

5



4 ② Pyramids and Cones

1

- ① Vertex
- ② Edge
- ③ Lateral Surface
- ④ Base

2

- ⑤ circle
- ⑥ perpendicular, height

3

- ⑦ square pyramid
- ⑧ triangle
- ⑨ square
- ⑩ the same

5 ② Pyramids and Cones

1

① 12 cm

② $6 \times 3.14 = 18.84$ 18.84 cm

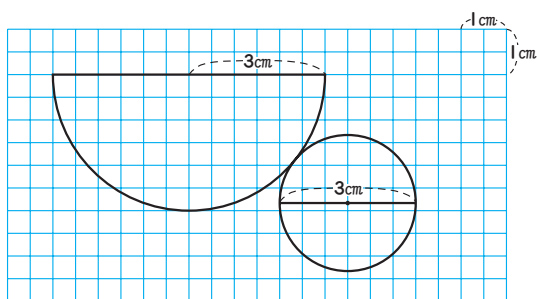
2

③ triangular pyramid

④ b

3

5



6 ③ Looking at Shapes From Directly in Front and Directly Above

1

① rectangle

③ triangle

② triangle

④ circle

2

⑤ rectangular prism

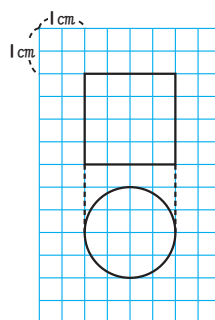
⑥ triangular pyramid

⑦ hexagonal prism

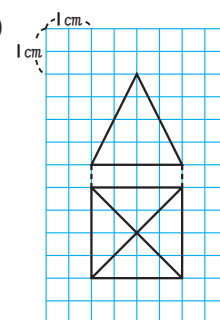
⑧ sphere

3

9



10



7 9. Solid Figures

1

① 5

② 15

③ rectangle

④ pentagon

2

⑤ rectangular prism ⑥ cylinder

3

⑦ 8 cm

⑧ 5 cm

⑨ 8 cm

⑩ 31.4 cm

8 9. Solid Figures

1

① 3

② 9

③ rectangle

④ triangle

2

⑤ square pyramid

⑥ 5 cm

⑦ A

3

⑧ cone

⑨ 31.4

⑩ 20 cm ($31.4 \times 4 \div 3.14 \div 2 = 20$)

9 ① Surface Area of Solid Figures**1**

① base

② base

2

③ quadrilateral

$$\textcircled{4} 3 \times 3 + 3 \times (7 - 3) \div 2 = 15$$

$$15 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\textcircled{5} (3 + 7 + 5 + 3) \times 6 = 108$$

$$108 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\textcircled{6} 108 + 15 \times 2 = 138$$

$$138 \text{ cm}^2$$

3

$$\textcircled{7} 10 \times 3.14 \times 12 = 376.8$$

$$376.8 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\textcircled{8} (10 \div 2) \times (10 \div 2) \times 3.14 \times 2$$

$$+ 376.8 = 533.8 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$533.8 \text{ cm}^2$$

10 ① Surface Area of Solid Figures**1**

$$\textcircled{1} 10 \times 10 \div 2 \times 4 + 10 \times 10 = 300$$

$$\textcircled{2} 300 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\textcircled{3} 3 \times 6 \div 2 \times 4 + 3 \times 3 = 45$$

$$\textcircled{4} 45 \text{ cm}^2$$

2

$$\textcircled{5} 6 \times 6 \times 3.14 \div 2 +$$

$$(6 \div 2) \times (6 \times 2) \times 3.14 = 84.78$$

$$\textcircled{6} 84.78 \text{ cm}^2$$

3

$$\textcircled{7} 12 \times 2 \times 3.14 \div 4 \div 3.14 = 6$$

$$\textcircled{8} 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$\textcircled{9} 12 \times 12 \times 3.14 \div 4 +$$

$$(6 \div 2) \times (6 \div 2) \times 3.14 = 141.3$$

$$\textcircled{10} 141.3 \text{ cm}^2$$

11 ② Volume of Solid Figures**1**

① 3

② Area of the base \times Height

$$\textcircled{3} 5 \times 4 \times 3 = 60$$

$$\textcircled{4} 60 \text{ cm}^3$$

2

$$\textcircled{5} 3 \times 4 \div 2 \times 8 = 48$$

$$\textcircled{6} 48 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\textcircled{7} 6 \times 6 \times 3.14 \times 15 = 1695.6$$

$$\textcircled{8} 1695.6 \text{ cm}^3$$

12 ② Volume of Solid Figures**1**

$$\textcircled{1} \text{Area of the base} \times \text{Height} \times \frac{1}{3}$$

2

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\textcircled{3} 10 \times 10 \times 12 \times \frac{1}{3} = 400$$

$$\textcircled{4} 400 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\textcircled{5} 10 \times 10 \times 3.14 \times 24 \times \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= 2512$$

$$\textcircled{6} 2512 \text{ cm}^3$$

13 10. Surface Area and Volume of Solid Figures

1

$$\textcircled{1} (5 + 6 + 5) \times 7 + 6 \times 4 \div 2 \times 2 = 136$$

2 136 cm^2

2

$$\textcircled{3} 5 \times 4 \times 3.14 + (4 \div 2) \times (4 \div 2) \times 3.14 \times 2 = 87.92$$

4 87.92 cm^2

$$\textcircled{5} 5 \times 5 + 5 \times 6 \div 2 \times 4 = 85$$

6 85 cm^2

3

$$\textcircled{7} (4 \div 2) \times (4 \div 2) \times 3.14 + 8 \times 8 \times 3.14 \div 4 = 62.8$$

8 62.8 cm^2

14 10. Surface Area and Volume of Solid Figures

1

$$\textcircled{1} 4 \times 3 \div 2 \times 5 = 30$$

2 30 cm^3

2

$$\textcircled{3} (10 \div 2) \times (10 \div 2) \times 3.14 \times 9 \times \frac{1}{3} = 235.5$$

4 235.5 cm^3

$$\textcircled{5} 3 \times 3 \times 4 \times \frac{1}{3} = 12$$

6 12 cm^3

3

$$\textcircled{7} (10 \div 2) \times (10 \div 2) \times 3.14 = 78.5$$

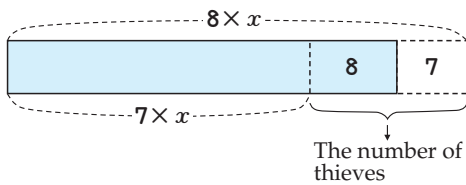
$$628 \div 78.5 = 8$$

8 8 cm

15 The Thief Who Stole Rolls of Cloth

The number of thieves : 15

The number of rolls of cloth : 113



$$8 \times 15 - 7 = 113$$

(or $7 \times 15 + 8 = 113$)

16 11. The Number of Cases

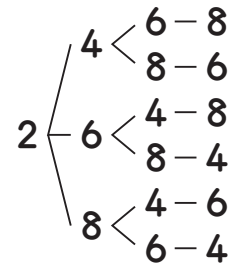
1

1 $4, 6, 8$

2 6

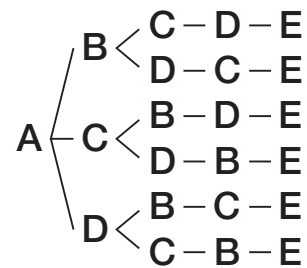
3 6

4 24



2

5 24



$$6 \times 4 = 24$$

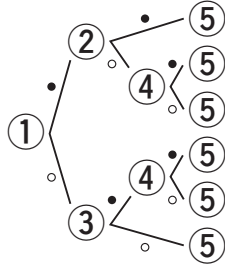
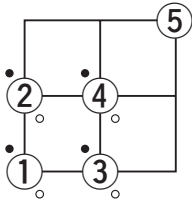
17 | I. The Number of Cases

1

- ① 2
- ② 2
- ③ 8

2

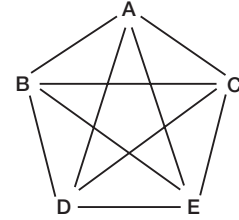
- ④ 6



18 | I. The Number of Cases

1

- ① B, C, D, E
- ② A, C, D, E
- ③ 10



2

- ④ 6

	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D
Class A	/	A•B	A•C	A•D
Class B	B•A	/	B•C	B•D
Class C	C•A	C•B	/	C•D
Class D	D•A	D•B	D•C	/

A•B is the same as B•A.

19 Shopping

1 3000yen

$$(350 + 400) \times 2 \times 2 = 750 \times 4 = 3000$$

2 3600yen

$$(600 + 1000) \times \frac{3}{2} + 1200 = 1600 \times \frac{3}{2} + 1200 = 2400 + 1200 = 3600$$

20 Check(4)

1

- ① hexagon
- ② hexagon prism
- ③ GHIJKL

④ 6

2

⑤ $(12 + 4) \times 3 \div 2 \times 7 = 168$

⑥ 168 cm^3

⑦ $(12 + 5 + 4 + 5) \times 7 + (12 + 4) \times 3 \div 2 \times 2 = 230$

⑧ 230 cm^2

3

⑨ $3 \times 3 \times 3.14 \times 3 \times \frac{1}{3} = 37.68$

$3 \times 3 \times 3.14 \times 4 = 113.04$

$37.68 + 113.04 = 150.72$

⑩ 150.72 cm^3

21 ① Tables Representing Average and Variation

1

① total, number

$$\textcircled{2} (23 + 32 + 37 + 26 + 17) \div 5 = 27$$

$$\textcircled{3} (36 + 28 + 30 + 24 + 21 + 20) \div 6 = 26.5$$

④ Group A

2

$$\textcircled{5} (137.9 + 146.6 + 143.1 + 130.7 + 155.2) \div 5 = 142.7$$

142.7 cm

$$\textcircled{6} (148.9 + 129.7 + 145.5 + 138.2 + 151.4 + 147.3) \div 6 = 143.5$$

143.5 cm

⑦ the girls

22 ① Tables Representing Average and Variation

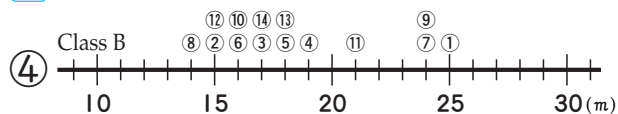
1

① 50, 51, 52, 53

② 47, 48, 49

③ 47, 48, 49, 50

2



⑤ class A

⑥ class B

Distance (m)	Number of people	Distance (m)	Number of people
More than or equal to Less than 10~15	2	More than or equal to Less than 10~15	1
15~20	5	15~20	9
20~25	5	20~25	3
25~30	3	25~30	1
Total	15	Total	14

23 ① Tables Representing Average and Variation



① Weight of Boys in Class A of the Sixth Grade

Weight (kg)	Number of people
More than or equal to 30~32	2
Less than 32~34	3
34~36	4
36~38	6
38~40	2
40~42	2
42~44	1
Total	20

② 36~38

③ 30% ($6 \div 20 = 0.3$)

④ 3 boys

⑤ 15% ($3 \div 20 = 0.15$)

⑥ 34~36

⑦ 12~15

24 ② Histograms

1

① Histogram

② 140~145

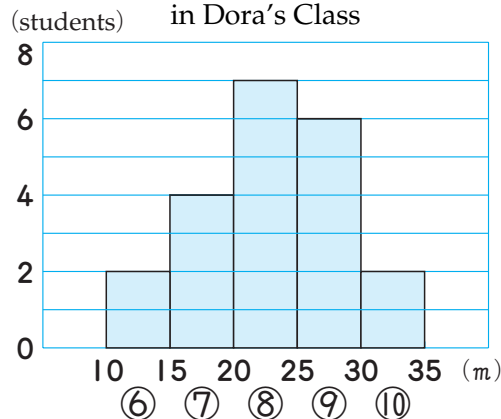
③ 15 students

④ 12 students

⑤ 39 students

2

Softball Throw Records for Girls in Dora's Class



25 ③ Cumulative Total**1**

① $3 + 2 + 3 + 2 + 2 = 12$

② 12 carpenters

③ $12 \div 5 = 2.4$

④ 2.4 carpenters

⑤ $12 \div 3 = 4$

⑥ 4 carpenters

2

⑦ $36 \div 20 = 1.8$

⑧ 1.8 students

3

⑨ $24.9 \times 30 = 747$

⑩ 747 people

26 ④ Whole and Part**◆**

① $306 \div 627 = 0.4880\dots$

② 48.8%

③ $9,010 \div 18,463 = 0.4880\dots$

④ 48.8%

⑤ $197,392 \div 404,046 = 0.4885\dots$

⑥ 48.9%

⑦ $841 \times 0.488 = 410.408$

⑧ 410 students

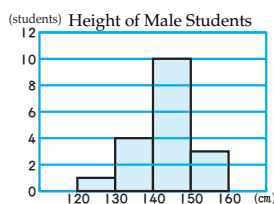
27 I2. How to Analyze Data**1**

①

Height of Male Students

Height (cm)	Number of students (students)
120~130	1
130~140	4
140~150	10
150~160	3

②



③ 140~150

④ $13 \div 18 = 0.722\dots$

⑤ 72%

2

⑥ $889 \div 7 = 127$

⑦ 127 people

28 I3. Units of Measurement**1**

① g

② kg

③ mm

④ m²**2**

⑤ cm

⑥ 100

⑦ km

3

⑧ 0.23 m

⑨ 0.4 cm

⑩ 2600 m

⑪ 0.32 km

⑫ 7500 mm

⑬ 65,000 cm

29 | 3. Units of Measurement

1

Length of a side	1 cm	1 m	② 10 m	100 m	1 km
Area of square	① 1 cm ²	1 m ²	1 a	③ 1 ha	④ 1 km ²

10,000 times (1 to 2), 100 times (2 to 3), 100 times (3 to 4), 100 times (4 to 5)
 1,000,000 times (1 to 5)

2

⑧ cm²⑨ km²⑩ m²

3

⑪ 7600000 m²⑫ 90000 cm²⑬ 14000 m²

⑭ 4 a

⑮ 25 km²

30 | 3. Units of Measurement

1

Length of a side	1 cm	—	② 10 cm	1 m
Volume of cube	① 1 cm ³	100 cm ³	1000 cm ³	④ 1 m ³

1 ml, 1 dl, ③ 1 l, 1 kl
 100 times (1 to 2), 10 times (2 to 3), 1000 times (3 to 4)
 ⑤, ⑥, ⑦

2

⑧ l

⑨ kl (m³)⑩ ml (cm³)

3

⑪ 0.64 l

⑫ 2.8 kl

⑬ 0.9 m³

⑭ 470 l

⑮ 780 ml

31 | 3. Units of Measurement

1

Unit of volume	1 cm ³	100 cm ³	1000 cm ³	1 m ³
	1 ml	1 dl	1 l	1 kl
Weight of water corresponding to the volume above	① 1 g	② 100 g	③ 1 kg	④ 1 t

100 times (1 to 2), 10 times (2 to 3), 1000 times (3 to 4)
 ⑤, ⑥, ⑦

⑧ mg

2

⑨ kg

⑩ g

3

⑪ 5000 kg

⑫ 600 mg

⑬ 0.125 t

⑭ 1.06 kg

⑮ 0.39 kg

32 | 3. Units of Measurement

1

Kilo (k)	Hecto (h)	Deca (da)	Base unit	Deci (d)	Centi (c)	Milli (m)
① 1000	② 100	10 times	1	1/10	③ 1/100	④ 1/1000

2

	Kilo (k)	Hecto (h)	Deca (da)	Base unit	Deci (d)	Centi (c)	Milli (m)
Length	⑤ km			m		⑥ cm	⑦ mm
Volume	⑧ kl			l	⑨ dl		⑩ ml
Weight	⑪ kg			g			⑫ mg

3

⑬ 1000 ml

⑭ 1 m

⑮ 1000 kg

⑯ 0.1 l

⑰ 100 mm

⑱ 1 g

⑲ 1000 l

⑳ 10000 m

33 13. Units of Measurement**1**

- ① 0.047km ② 3.2mm
 ③ 0.304km ④ 42195m
 ⑤ 850m² ⑥ 0.46ha
 ⑦ 730 a ⑧ 19ha
 ⑨ 4000cm³ ⑩ 8kℓ
 ⑪ 0.27 ℓ ⑫ 53 ℓ
 ⑬ 7 g ⑭ 5kg
 ⑮ 1.9m³ ⑯ 2.6 t
 ⑰ 100 g ⑱ 28dl

2

- ⑲ $120 \times 160 = 19200$
 $19200m^2 = 192 a$
 ⑳ 192 a

34 13. Units of Measurement**1**

- ① km²
 ② t
 ③ mg
 ④ mm
 ⑤ ℓ
 ⑥ m

2

- ⑦ $15 \times 20 \times 9 = 2700$
 $2700cm^3 = 2.7 \ell$
 ⑧ 2.7kg

3

- ⑨ $1.5 \times 3 \times 1.2 = 5.4$
 ⑩ 5.4 t

35 14. Various Graphs

- ① the number of rice farms
 ② production
 ③ 500,000 farms
 ④ 1,000,000 t
 ⑤ • the rice production becomes less than half during 1980 and 2005.
 • the number of rice farms has been decreasing since 1980.

36 14. Various Graphs

- ① 2km
 ② 2 minutes
 ③ 7:02
 ④ 4 minutes
 ⑤ 32 minutes
 ⑥ 22 minutes
 ⑦ Station C
 ⑧ 2 minutes
 ⑨ Station B
 ⑩ 7:24

37 14. Various Graphs

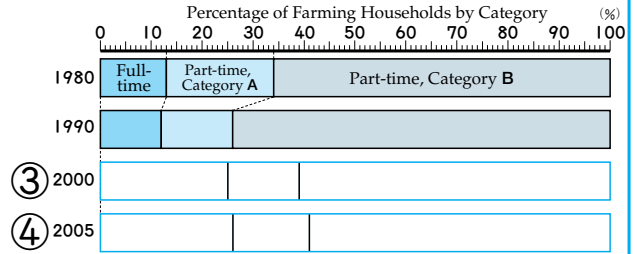


- ① does not include the point
- ② 600 yen
- ③ 600 yen
- ④ 1200 yen
- ⑤ 1800 yen
- ⑥ 3 hours,
3 hours and 30 minutes
- ⑦ 1, 200, 30

38 14. Various Graphs



- ① 14, 11, 75
- ② 15, 11, 74



- ③ 2000
- ④ 2005
- ⑤ (omission)

39 Check(5)

1

- ① 0.8, 1, 1.25, 1.05

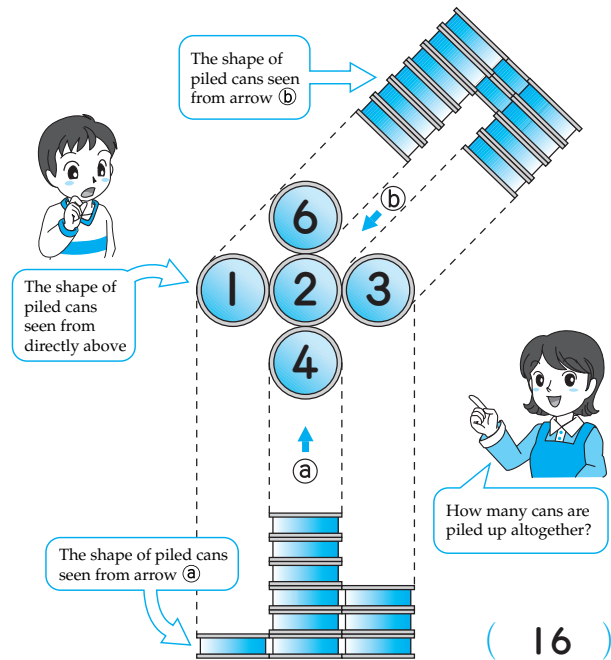
2

- ② 16 girls
- ③ 4 girls
- ④ 25%
- ⑤ 11 ~ 14

3

- ⑥ d
- ⑦ a
- ⑧ c
- ⑨ b

40 How many cans are there?



41 Numbers and Calculations ①**1**

- ① 3,210,300
② 21,405,000,000

2

- ③ 3, 4, 0, 7
④ 10, 1, 0.1, 0.01

3

- ⑤ 0.4 ⑥ 1.375 ⑦ 0.3125
⑧ $\frac{3}{5}$ ⑨ $1\frac{4}{5}$ ⑩ $2\frac{3}{4}$

4

- ⑪ 24, 48, 72
⑫ 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18
⑬ 1, 2, 3, 6
⑭ 9

42 Numbers and Calculations ②**1**

- ① $\frac{1}{3}$ ② $\frac{3}{4}$
③ $\frac{7}{15}$ ④ $\frac{5}{8}$

2

- ⑤ 6, 6 ⑥ 3, 10

3

- ⑦ $\frac{21}{36}, \frac{10}{36}$ ⑧ $\frac{6}{24}, \frac{20}{24}, \frac{9}{24}$

4

- ⑨ 21.2 ⑩ 74.4
⑪ 80.14 ⑫ 102.62
⑬ 26.5 ⑭ 33.9
⑮ 32.56 ⑯ 39.49

5

- ⑰ $325 \times 19 + 13 = 6188$
 $6188 \div 17 = 364$
⑱ 364

43 Numbers and Calculations ③**1**

- ① 2.852 ② 23.157 ③ 168.3
④ 0.63 ⑤ 126 ⑥ 27
⑦ 0.9 ⑧ 180

2

- ⑨ $37.9 \div 0.8 = 47 \text{ R}0.3$
⑩ 47 bags and 0.3kg left over

44 Numbers and Calculations ④**1**

- ① $\frac{13}{24}$ ② $1\frac{2}{3}$
③ $\frac{3}{20}$ ④ $\frac{3}{4}$
⑤ $\frac{3}{8}$ ⑥ $1\frac{3}{8}$
⑦ $\frac{4}{5}$ ⑧ 2

2

- ⑨ $80 \div (1 - \frac{2}{3}) = 80 \div \frac{1}{3}$
 $= 240$
⑩ 240 sheets

45 Numbers and Calculations ⑤**1**

① $\frac{2}{7}$ ② $\frac{3}{4}$ ③ $2\frac{1}{4}$ ④ $1\frac{1}{5}$

2

⑤ $\frac{1}{4}$ ⑥ $3\frac{1}{2}$ ⑦ $\frac{4}{11}$ ⑧ $2\frac{12}{19}$

3

⑨ $\frac{9}{14} \times \frac{7}{6} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$

⑩ $\frac{12}{5} \times \frac{7}{4} \times \frac{2}{7} = 1\frac{1}{5}$

⑪ $\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{9}{5} \times \frac{7}{12} \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{3}{8}$

4

⑫ $\frac{11}{15} + \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{7}{1} = 4\frac{14}{15}$

⑬ $\frac{8}{5} \times \frac{19}{8} \div \frac{19}{10} = 2$

⑭ $\frac{9}{25} \times \frac{7}{10} \div \frac{7}{50} = 1\frac{4}{5}$

46 Quantities and Measurements ①**1**

- ① 0.4 m ② 300 m
 ③ 3.4 a ④ 65ha
 ⑤ 80ha ⑥ 3 ℓ
 ⑦ 250 ℓ ⑧ 9700kg
 ⑨ 0.4 t ⑩ 600mg
 ⑪ 0.28m² ⑫ 50000cm³
 ⑬ 9cm² ⑭ 2800 g
 ⑮ 1.2kg ⑯ 53 g
 ⑰ 0.8 ℓ ⑱ 0.9m³

2

- ⑲ 12 t = 12000 kg
 12000 ÷ 63 = 190 R30
 ⑳ 190 bags

47 Quantities and Measurements ②**1**

① A : 560 ÷ 4 = 140
B : 620 ÷ 5 = 124

② Train A

2

③ Black stone : 300 ÷ 15 = 20
White stone : 360 ÷ 20 = 18

④ Black stone

3

⑤ 5km = 5000 m, 5000 ÷ 20 = 250

⑥ 250 m / min

⑦ 62 × 4 = 248 ⑧ 248km

4

⑨ 12km = 12000 m
12000 ÷ 240 = 50,
8:00 + 50 = 8:50

⑩ 8:50

48 Quantities and Measurements ③**1**

- ① 3 × 4 ÷ 2 = 6
 ② 6cm²
 ③ (4 + 7) × 6 ÷ 2 = 33
 ④ 33cm²
 ⑤ 20 × 20 + (20 ÷ 2) × (20 ÷ 2) ×
 3.14 ÷ 2 × 2 = 714
 ⑥ 714m²

2

- ⑦ (5 + 3) × 3.14 ÷ 2 + 5 × 3.14 ÷
 2 + 3 × 3.14 ÷ 2 = 25.12
 ⑧ 25.12cm
 ⑨ 4 × 4 × 3.14 ÷ 2 -
 (2.5 × 2.5 × 3.14 ÷ 2) -
 (1.5 × 1.5 × 3.14 ÷ 2) = 11.775
 ⑩ 11.775cm²

49 Quantities and Measurements ④**1**

① $8 \times 25 \times 16 = 3200$

② 3200 cm^3

③ $3.9 \times 3.6 \times \frac{1}{3} = 4.68$

④ 4.68 cm^3

⑤ $8 \times 8 \times 3.14 \times 15 = 3014.4$

⑥ 3014.4 cm^3

2

⑦ $2.5 \times 4 \div 2 \times 2 + (4.7 + 2.5 + 4) \times 5 = 66$

⑧ 66 cm^2

⑨ $(8 \times 6 \div 2 + 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3.14 \div 2) \times 2 = 76.26$
 $(10 + 8 + 6 \times 3.14 \div 2) \times 5 = 137.1$

$76.26 + 137.1 = 213.36$

⑩ 213.36 cm^2

50 Geometric Figures ①**1**

① a, f, h

② g, h

③ h

④ b

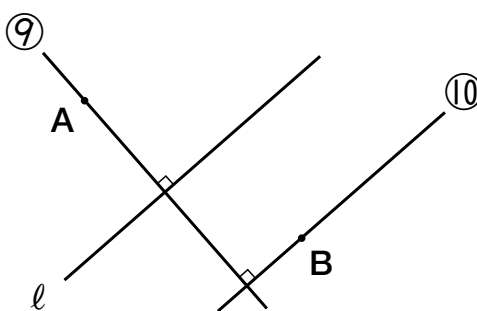
⑤ c, d

⑥ a, b, g, h

2

⑦ o, q

⑧ p

3**51** Geometric Figures ②**1**

① pentagonal prism

② Base : pentagon

Lateral surface : rectangle

③ height

2

④ triangular prism

⑤ sphere

⑥ hexagonal pyramid

⑦ cylinder

3

⑧ cone

⑨ $12 \times 2 \times 3.14 \div 4 = 18.84$

$18.84 \div 3.14 = 6$

⑩ 6 cm **52** Geometric Figures ③**1**

① 180°

② 60°

③ radius

2

④ 65°

⑤ 115°

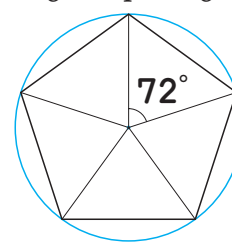
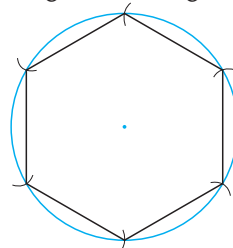
⑥ 60°

⑦ 45°

⑧ 60°

3

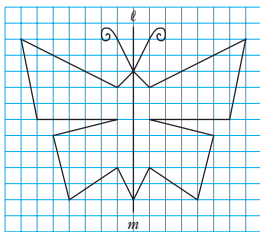
⑨ Regular hexagon ⑩ Regular pentagon



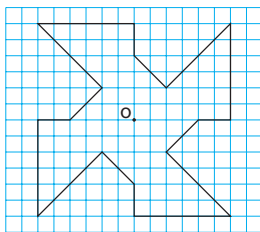
53 Geometric Figures ④

1

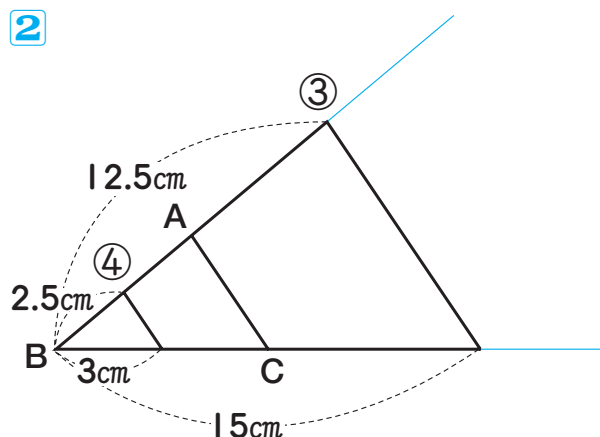
①



②



2



54 Quantitative Relations ①

1

① 2.2

② 131

③ 6.5

④ $\frac{25}{72}$

2

⑤ $x + 240 \times 8$ ⑥ $8 \times 5 \times x$

3

⑦ 3 : 10

⑧ 5 : 16

4

⑨ b, c

5

⑩ $8 : 5 = x : 15$

$$5x = 8 \times 15$$

$$x = 8 \times 3$$

$$x = 24$$

$$24 \text{ km}^2$$

55 Quantitative Relations ②

1

① 20.3%

② 87.5%

③ 150%

④ 225%

2

⑤ 40

⑥ 50

⑦ 27

⑧ 80

3

⑨ $140 \times 0.95 = 133$

⑩ 133 people

4

⑪ $14 \div \frac{7}{8} = 14 \times \frac{8}{7} = 16$ ⑫ 16 km^2

56 Quantitative Relations ③

1

① (X) $x + y = 24$ ② (O) $y = \pi x$ ③ (C) $x \times y = 20$ ($y = \frac{20}{x}$)

2

x (m)	1	2	4	5	8	10	12
y (kg)	0.4	0.8	1.6	2	3.2	4	4.8

⑤ proportional relationship

⑥ $y = 0.4 \times x$

3

⑦ $6 \times 15 = 90$

$$90 \div 10 = 9$$

⑧ 9 ℓ per minute